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# The Evening Times

THE MORNING TIMES gives all the news. It is supplied by the United Press and the Bennett Cable Service, supplemented by the Associated Press Service. The Morning Times leads in News.

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WASHINGTON, D. C. FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1895.

ONE CENT

## WILL YOU JOIN THE TIMES TREE PROTECTION LEAGUE?

### ALMOST ON THE WAR PATH

**Bannocks and Shoshones Hold a Council at Their Agency.**

### SEVEN HUNDRED BUCKS

**They Have a Pow-Wow Over the Jackson Hole Massacre and So Greatly Excited That One Hot-Head Advises an Immediate March Upon the Murderous Whites.**

New York, Aug. 16.—A Herald special from Fort Hall, via Green River, Wyo., says: A very bitter feeling against Wyoming settlers exists among the Bannocks and Shoshones on this agency, and although the Indians have returned from Jackson's Hole on the orders of the agent, radical steps must be speedily taken to punish the Jackson Hole men who have killed and wounded Indians or serious trouble will yet be experienced with them.

### EXCITING COUNCIL.

A council of Shoshones and Bannocks was held on Monday at the agency, 700 bucks, nearly all of the reservation, being present. The council was attended by Agent Teeter and Clerk McBeth. "Ben" Sonowin, an Indian who escaped from the posse of Jackson's Hole deputies when the escaping Indians were shot, on July 13, told in an impressive manner the story of the arrest of the party.

When he told of their break for liberty, and how the Jackson's Hole people shot at them, killing one of their old men, who was nearly blind, and a papoose, and wounding their boys, the Indians, who had listened stoically, grew intensely excited and angered, and some of them shouted, "We will go back to Jackson's Hole."

### PEACE ADVISED.

Agent Teeter then spoke. He advised the Indians not to go to Jackson's Hole again, and assured them the government would investigate and punish the murderers of their people. He read and explained to them a telegram he had received from the Indian Commissioner, which stated that the Interior Department had requested the Department of Justice to make an investigation of the killing of the Indians and prosecute the offender.

Tugance, an old chief, who was one of the signers of the treaty of 1868, said the treaty which he, Washakie, Peacemaker, and other Indians signed with Gen. Sherman, said it had been among the whites wronged Indians the government should punish them and pay the Indians what they lost.

He asked Teeter to say what was going to be done to the bad men who had killed settlers in Jackson's Hole, and what was to be done for Indians if not permitted to hunt.

Other speakers blamed the agent because nothing is being done to punish the Jackson's Hole people.

## The Sunday Times

**Will Team With a Budget of Bright Local Features.**

It always does. It is the best newspaper for Washingtonians ever published, but it will be "better than the best."

### NEXT SUNDAY, AUGUST 18.

The following will be only a few of the good things in the local pages:

- Telephone Dialogue.
- Mission Characters.
- Washington as a Convention City.
- Crack Bicycle Riders.
- Tunnels in the District.
- Chances Against Race Betters.
- Ministers' Marriage Certificate.
- Barrack Life in Washington

## Local Gossip

OF ALL KINDS.

### FOR CUBAN RECOGNITION.

**Possible Outcome of Dr. Castillo's Mission to This Country.**

The appointment of Dr. Joaquin Castillo as Cuban commissioner to the United States, to secure recognition by this government of Cuban independence, is a matter in too embryonic a state for action or any decision as to policy.

Acting Secretary Adee declined to discuss it or anything with reference to it. It has been customary to consider each case of a similar character according to the circumstances involved. The nearest approach to the Cuban situation was that of the commissioners sent by the Chilean revolutionaries to Washington during the presidency of the successful revolution in that country during Gen. Harrison's administration. The United States government refused to receive the commissioners, formally or informally, until after the revolutionists were recognized as belligerents, when they were accorded official designation as agents.

### AVOIDING THE PROHIBITION

**Chinese Slip in by Way of Havana in Spite of the Embargo.**

**Shipped in as Traders Bound for Canada, but Found to Be Merely Ordinary Washoe-Washoes.**

New York, Aug. 16.—The Treasury Department has discovered that Chinese smugglers in Havana are evading the exclusion act, and that Chinamen are being brought into New York from that port by hundreds every month. The United States consul general in Cuba has been made the victim of these tricksters, and Collector Kilbreth and Chinese Inspector Scharf are powerless to prevent the landing of the Celestials.

The steamship Segura, which arrived at this port August 7, brought thirty-six Chinamen, thirty-three of whom are discovered to be coolies, whose importation is a violation of the law. The abuse has been practiced for months and has grown to such an extent that the Secretary of the Treasury yesterday wrote to the authorities in this city, requesting them to use great vigilance in preventing the landing of the impostors.

Secretary Carlisle in his latest instructions had been sent to Consul General Williams, at Havana, to be diligent in his efforts to prevent the smugglers from evading the prizes away from that port. Collector Kilbreth cannot prevent Chinese, properly accredited, from landing, and once on shore, he has no authority over them.

Acting under instructions from Secretary Carlisle, Inspector Scharf has investigated the cases of thirty-six Chinamen who arrived on the Segura, bound, according to their passports, for Montreal. He found thirty-three of them in a Chinese lodging-house in Mott street. If sufficient evidence can be obtained they will be deported. The department has been notified that a company of forty-seven Chinamen, with passports, is in transit for Montreal, Canada, is being formed in Havana to ship on a Ward line steamer, which will leave for New York early next week. There seems to be no way, however, to prevent their entering and remaining in this city.

### TEETER BROKE RED TAPE.

**Reprimand Prepared for the Bannock Indian Agent.**

Indian Agent Teeter, of the Fort Hall Indian reservation, in charge of the Bannocks, will, as soon as mail from the Indian Bureau at Washington can reach him, be greeted with an unpleasant surprise in the shape of a reprimand from headquarters, for giving out official communications in advance of their receipt at the Indian Bureau.

A few days ago he gave out his report on the recent troubles with the Bannocks and the whites before it reached the officials at Washington, and he has since made public an official dispatch that the bureau was especially anxious to keep secret for a time. This is why he may receive an unpleasant communication in a few days.

The dispatch in question was sent to his Indian Bureau work upon. It was an extension of the Idaho Canal Company's irrigating ditch. The lands of the reservation are to a large extent worthless for agriculture without water, and it is almost impossible for the Indians to make a living by farming, until they can secure the water for irrigation.

Recently a contract was made with the Idaho Canal Company to extend its ditches into the reservation. The company was to receive \$50,000, and the Indians were to do the work. Before the contract was approved by the Secretary of the Interior complaints were made by other canal companies that the Idaho company was receiving too high a payment, and the matter was suspended until the Secretary of the Interior could investigate the matter. A contract will be made within a month or six weeks with one company or another, which will put the Indians at work and enable them to earn a living during the winter.

### MULLED BEER ON TAP.

**Big Distillery Destroyed and Not a Cent of Insurance.**

Leavenworth, Kan., Aug. 16.—This morning at 1 o'clock the big seven-story distillery at this place caught fire and within an hour was destroyed. It was one of the fiercest fires ever known in this city. E. Sherman, of Peru, Ill., recently bought the building and fitted it up as a distillery. It was formerly a sugar factory and was owned by the Hamiltons of Buffalo, N. Y. Sherman's loss is \$110,000 and he has not a cent of insurance. Sheriff Rotherberger's coopers shops caught fire and were damaged to the extent of \$10,000; but he is fully insured.

### En Route to Bogota.

Luther F. McKinney, of New Hampshire, United States Minister to Colombia, called on Acting Secretary Adee at the State Department this morning. He is returning to his post at Bogota, after a vacation in this country, and will sail about September 1.

**Hotel Johnson Closes.**  
Hotel Johnson's meals a la carte lunch and table d'hôte dinner, choice vegetables and fruits.

### SUMMER PORTRAITS.



Ex-Speaker Crisp.

### WILL PURIFY THE PARTY

**District Republicans Propose to Reform Things.**

### SOME EVILS THEY AIM AT

**Radical Change in the Election of Delegates to the Local Convention Is One—They Will Harmonize Warring Factions—District Government Reform Is Also Proposed.**

It is a settled fact that an effort will be made through the Republican national committee and Congress for a change in the present form of government for the District.

Several suggestions will be presented. One for suffrage with an educational qualification; another retaining the present form, with an increase from three to five or eight Commissioners; and also one urging the privilege of a Representative in Congress.

The necessity for an increase in the number of Commissioners, it is charged, developed itself last week, when there was for several days only one of the rulers in the city, which, of course, prevented the proper transaction of business. It is true, one of the number had gone to investigate the garbage destruction system in other cities, but the fact is apparent that the board of Commissioners was left without a sufficient number of its members to fulfill the requirements imposed upon them.

An important matter that will receive attention is the manner in which delegates to the national convention have been chosen. A number of gentlemen met last night for the purpose of acting at once to secure the co-operation of all good citizens of Republican proclivities and have them pledge themselves that they will attend the District meetings, and aid in pushing aside the mob element. The question of color is not to enter into the endeavor to purify politics, but the better class of colored citizens will be invited to become active participants.

These gentlemen claim that all that is necessary to make known the fact that no set caste in the future control affairs, but all who desire shall be allowed to lend a helping hand. The effort will be made to do away with holding meetings in rooms lighted by candles and coal oil, or mass-meetings in out of the way places. This system is the one at which they will be heavy firing, and in its place primaries will be held, beginning at 2 or 3 o'clock and run three hours.

### NEW SYSTEM OF PRIMARIES.

This system will give all the residents of a district the opportunity of voting for their candidate for delegate.

It is claimed that no good citizen will neglect his duty to vote, and if he does he will be to blame if unsuitable men are selected as delegates.

The clubs in the various districts will be reorganized, and new men selected as officers. To successfully effect this change seems like a great undertaking, but the only way, it is claimed, to ascertain what can be done is to try, and the success of the effort depends on how well those desiring reform show their interest. In some of the districts there is so great that two district clubs exist, and in such cases the attempt will be made to unite them and produce harmony, and mix with the old some new material. At any rate, a trial is to be made and purification is hoped.

### Treasury Receipts.

Thereceipts from internal revenue to-day were \$485,176; from customs, \$689,283, and miscellaneous, \$13,893. The national bank notes received to-day for redemption amounted to \$589,874.

### VICTORIES FOR INSURGENTS.

**Rebellion Appears to Be Growing Popular in Ecuador.**

New York, Aug. 16.—A special cable dispatch to the Times from Quito says: Guayaquil, Ecuador, reports: A superb victory gained Wednesday by the patriots at Guano.

The enemy's main army made a violent attack on the forces of Gen. Vernaza, with the view to prevent his uniting with Gen. Alfaro.

The latter, being well-informed of Gen. Sarasti's intention, pushed forward the divisions commanded by Flato and Medardo Alfaro, who made their quick charge so successful that, after several hours of close battle, the enemy was routed.

Quito's government lost about 100 prisoners, Lizarabarra, a former minister in D. Luis Cordero's cabinet. He was an emissary of Quito, attached to Sarasti's army in order to counteract the latter's ambitious schemes. His capture is, consequently, regarded as greatly important.

Gen. Sarasti is still in possession of Riobamba, with about 400 fugitive veterans, but he is regarded as almost completely checkmated.

Gatuzo is at two hours' distance from Riobamba, and three from Guano.

### AT PEACE IN GUATEMALA

**Intelligent Opinion That There Is No Danger of a Revolution.**

**Government Archeologist Urges Importance of Nicaragua Canal and Beauty of Monroe Doctrine.**

San Francisco, Aug. 16.—John R. Chandler, who has been in Guatemala for the past two years as the government archeologist and mineralogist, arrived here to-day with his wife on the Colon Mr. Chandler was in that country first as vice-consul general and arranged for the exhibit for the World's Fair. He has some interesting things to say as to the state of the present government of Guatemala.

"I have seen it stated in the papers," said he, "that there was a probability of a revolution in Guatemala. That is not true. There is no likelihood of any trouble at all. In the first place, people at large are not a fighting people. Four-fifths of the whole population are native Indians who are the most peaceable natives on the face of the earth. Again, the government is very strong on account of its means having a war footing of from 8,000 to 10,000 soldiers equipped with the latest arms, such as Maxim gun and Krupp and Armstrong cannon and Gatling guns. The communications, too, are modern and are throughout on the Prussian system. Then the government has plenty of cash on hand for any warlike event."

"At present Guatemala is at peace with all its neighbors and internally, and the country is prosperous. The coffee crop has doubled within the past few years and the prices have increased greatly."

"There is a strong feeling in all these countries in favor of Cuban independence, and they all look to the United States to do all it can, honestly, to help the Cubans. The feeling of the people of all these countries toward the United States is more friendly than to any foreign power, especially since England's action in the Corinto affair. For this reason there is great desire that this Government shall take hold of Nicaragua's canal and finish it."

"They will feel that if the United States should send troops to defend the canal at any time that it would be for their own good, and not fear it as a menace as they would any such move by a foreign power. Nothing else would give this country so much prestige and influence there as doing this work. If it is undertaken by a foreign power the loss of influence and trade by this country would be immense. The Monroe doctrine is believed in down there."

### FIGHT GROWING HOTTER

**Law Suit Threatened Over the Stevens School Transfer.**

### RESIDENTS PROTEST AGAIN

**Commissioners Waited Upon by Another Delegation of Indignant Property Owners—They Declare Flatly That Colored Pupils Will Not Be Allowed in the Miner Building.**

There is prospect of a merry war, and may be lots of trouble, over the proposed re-occupation of Miner Institute by colored pupils.

The property-owners in the vicinity of the Miner Institute were again represented before the Commissioners to-day, Messrs. T. F. Schneider, Boyd Smith and D. S. Hendrick appearing to renew the protest against the transfer of the Stevens public school pupils to that building.

The gentlemen insisted upon an early settlement of the question, Mr. Schneider asserting that he has pending contracts with desirable tenants whose acceptance of his dwellings in that vicinity will depend upon the revocation of the order to transfer.

### HAD AN UNDERSTANDING.

One of these tenants, a lady, has said that she would not occupy the property offered free of rent, if the school is quartered in the institute building.

The committee state emphatically that the school shall be transferred there. It was the tacit understanding, Mr. Schneider said, before the buildings were constructed, that the colored people should not again occupy the institute building for school purposes. The pupils then quartered there were transferred, and he proceeded to build. To restore the obnoxious school now will very materially damage him, and he does not propose to submit to it.

### MR. HENDRICK TALKS STRAIGHT.

"There is just this about it," said Mr. Hendrick, "if the school cannot be kept out of there without trouble, there'll be trouble."

"Through the courts?" he was asked. "I don't care to say what plan will be adopted, but suit can be instituted."

The gentlemen claim that there is a seeming conflict of opinion as to who is responsible for the order to locate the Stevens school in the Miner building. They understood that the board of trustees had suggested it, but upon inquiry of Mr. J. J. Davidson they learned that the trustees have nothing to do with it, and they return to the Commissioners with more vigorous statement of objections.

### WHISKY TRUST PROCEEDINGS.

**Last Steps Being Taken Toward Reorganization.**

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Nothing now remains to make the sale of the whisky trust property to the reorganization committee complete and binding but an order of the United States court. This will be procured as soon as a judge can be found to pass upon the application. As the United States court ordered the property to be sold to the reorganization committee, the confirmation of its own order, which has been carried out to the letter, will be a mere formality. It was learned from an authentic source this morning that the property has already been transferred and the receiver has signed the deed.

### Disastrous Mining Venture.

Houghton, Mich., Aug. 16.—Foreclosure proceedings were begun yesterday against the Crystal Mining Company, and the bonded indebtedness, with accrued interest and taxes, amounting to \$185,000. This mine has sunk just over \$1,500,000, and as its stock is non-assessable the holders cannot probably save the property, although they are endeavoring to do so.

### NICE LITTLE FLUM.

**A Cornwall Immigrant Falls Heir to Nine Millions.**

Brooklyn, Aug. 16.—It is rumored that William Foxwell, eldest son of Mrs. Lucy P. Foxwell, of the town of Yorkville, Racine county, has won his title to the famous Harris-Hartley estates in Cornwall, England. He was born here, but a few years ago emigrated to Portsmouth, Neb., where his family, consisting of a wife and three daughters, resides.

Mr. Foxwell went to England last November, to look after his interests in the estate. He soon learned that he and his relatives had a prior claim to the estate and set about gathering evidence to that effect. The case was bitterly fought, but Mr. Foxwell's claim was recognized by the British courts.

The estates are valued at \$7,000,000 and there is an accumulation of personal property in chancery of nearly \$2,000,000. The rent roll of the estate will amount to \$100,000 a year.

### HAD A RED-HOT MEETING

**Ex-Confederates Tried to Expel Vice President Colonna.**

**They Felt He Did Not Take Sufficient Interest in the Association's Welfare.**

A meeting of the Confederate Veterans' Association was held last night and although there was present only fifteen members, and the session very short, the time was occupied in discussions of rather an unfriendly character.

A resolution was offered to expel B. A. Colonna, the second vice president, on the ground of failure to attend meetings of the association.

The resolution provoked severe remarks, and it is stated that the advocates of expulsion were not at all particular as to what they said.

The wrangle continued for twenty minutes or more and after persuasive arguments were made, the proceedings of that portion of the meeting were expunged from the minutes, and the vice president allowed to fill his office.

A reporter for The Times conversed to-day with several members of the organization, and while they regretted the occasion for the unpleasant character of the meeting, they at the same time said there was no use in having officers unless they attended to their duties. They claim that the association is composed of earnest workers, and the officers have been looked upon heretofore as valuable men for the respective positions they hold.

"If said one of them, 'the officers are derelict in their duty of attending meetings, then those not holding positions will be come indifferent, and the association drift out of existence.'"

The lesson, he said, although a severe one, will result beneficially, and further difficulties in this regard be avoided.

### WOMEN ASSERTING THEMSELVES.

**Probability That Their Aggression Will Divide the Church.**

New York, Aug. 16.—Is the Methodist Episcopal church to be divided next year? That is the question that is being asked by many Methodists throughout the United States. The question arises from the desire of the women to take part in the general conferences, which are held once in four years, the next one convening in 1896.

The expected rupture may come after the annual conferences are held throughout the country this fall and next spring. Several are to take place in this vicinity within a few weeks and church members are displaying unwonted energy in behalf of their respective parties.

### CLOTHING MAKERS' STRIKE.

**Situation Quiet and Bosses Making Material Concessions.**

New York, Aug. 16.—There is a lull in the excitement attending the clothing makers' strike to-day, and better feeling seems to prevail on all sides.

The children's clothing makers report that all the contractors except five have signed the agreement and that all the shops will be opened by Monday next. The executive committee will meet this evening and declare the strike off.

The past week's report that eighty-six out of two hundred had settled. They expect the strike will end by Monday. The executive committee will remain in session until Sunday.

### AFRO-AMERICANS CONVENE.

**They Take Steps to Organize a Republican League.**

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 16.—The convention of Afro-Americans of the State to organize a Republican league opened in the town hall at noon to-day. C. W. Anderson, of Albany, private secretary to State Treasurer A. D. Colvin, called the convention to order.

Thomas Fortune, of New York, was chosen temporary chairman, and taking that office made a few brief remarks relative to the purpose of the convention, and introduced Charles H. Sturgeon, president of the village, who delivered an address of welcome which was responded to by J. E. Mason, of Rochester.

### A recess followed.

**Locomotive Brotherhood Meets.**

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 16.—The celebration of the thirty-second anniversary of the organization of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, began in Pittsburg this morning and will continue until Sunday. The present is the first time in the history of the organization that an anniversary has ever been celebrated. The city is thronged with delegates and their families; a secret meeting of the delegates convened at 9 o'clock this morning at Union Veterans Legion Hall, Sixth avenue, Pittsburg, while a meeting of the women's auxiliary to the brotherhood convened at the same hour at Engineers' Hall, Allegheny City.

### Will Get Autonomy.

London, Aug. 16.—The Pall Mall Gazette, in an article on the situation in Cuba, says that though Capt. Gen. Canales gets his hundred thousand men, Cuba will get autonomy.

There will be features of special interest to you in next Sunday's Times.

### SPEAR IS IN THE TOILS

**New Alexander's Mayor Arrested in This City.**

### WAS IN A LAWYER'S OFFICE

**After Several Days of Dodging He Was Caught Napping by Detective Lacy and Taken to the Police Court—He Was Released On \$300 Bail Pending a Hearing.**

Luther W. Spear, president of the New Alexandria Improvement Company, and chief promoter and owner of the phantom city of that name, located a short distance below Alexandria proper, was arrested this afternoon.

Detective Lacy served the warrant, which was sworn out by Francis Hall, of No. 1319 I street northwest, charging Spear with obtaining money under false pretenses.

The warrant was sworn out several days ago, as told in The Morning Times, and since then has been in possession of Detective Lacy, who has been looking for the wily Spear.

This afternoon Spear, accompanied by J. H. Hines, secretary of the company, came up from New Alexandria and proceeded to the office of their attorneys, Richards, Gulick & Yoder, room 76, Washington Loan and Trust Building.

**LACY HAD A TIP.**  
Detective Lacy was notified and at once went to the building. Spear was found in consultation with his attorneys, and readily agreed to accompany the detective to headquarters. Hall was sent for and the party proceeded to the detective office.

The warrant charges that Spear obtained \$100 from Hall by falsely representing the condition of a house he had contracted to build.

Several months ago Hall purchased two lots from Secretary Hines, and later he contracted with Spear to construct a store and dwelling house upon them. The contract required Hall to pay \$200 when the cellar was dug, and another hundred when the house was ready for the plasterers to go to work.

A few weeks ago Hall claims that Spear came to him and represented that the house was ready for plastering, and the money was duly paid. Hall then investigated the matter, so he claims, and found that the house was not in the condition represented to him, and he secured the warrant.

**SPEAR ADMITTED IT.**  
Spear admitted the terms of the contract were such as stated by Hall, but that when the money was paid he did not represent the house to be so near completion, and Hall was aware of its exact state. He was so much pleased with the house, however, that he advanced the money to accommodate the contractor, in the presence of witnesses. He said that Hall was well pleased with the property until the Times began to stir the place up, and he then became dissatisfied.

"I want to say also," said Mr. Spear, "that I have not been in hiding since the warrant was issued. I know there is nothing in the charges and had it not been for illness in my family I would have come to the city several days ago."

Spear was taken to the police court and Judge Mills fixed bail at \$500, which he furnished. The case will come up before Judge Mills to-morrow.

### IRELAND BUILDING INQUEST.

**Proceedings Begun Before Coroner Fitzpatrick To-day.**

New York, Aug. 16.—The inquest on the bodies of the sixteen men who lost their lives on Thursday of last week through the collapse of the Ireland building at West Broadway and West Third street, was opened this morning before Coroner Fitzpatrick and a jury of experts.

Coroner Fitzpatrick has taken great care in the selection of the jury, and has determined that the investigation into the cause of the disaster shall be thorough, and that the responsibility shall be fixed on those persons to whom it belongs.

At present there are three men under \$5,000 bail each, charged with the responsibility of the disaster. They are John H. Parker, the builder; Jafferys E. Sillick, the foreman, and Joseph Gulder, who had the contract for the plastering.

A number of experts from the building department, under the direction of Superintendent Constable, have been making a careful examination of the building for the past week. They examined and measured the broken columns, bent girders, and cracked foundations, and took samples of the soil for several feet beneath the foundation of the building.

The taking of evidence as to the cause of the disaster will probably occupy several days. The district attorney's office will be represented by Assistant District Attorney Miller.

### No Word From the Valkyrie.

New York, Aug. 16.—No word has been received from Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie since she was sighted last Monday evening passing Cape Race. The Furber Bismarck arrived this morning from Hamburg and reported hazy weather for the last two days, which probably accounts for her not seeing the Valkyrie. The New York and La Gasconne, both due to-morrow, may bring news of the whereabouts of the cup-challenger.

### Good Times Corner.

Providence, Aug. 16.—The Providence Machine Company to-day announced that it would restore a reduction of 10 per cent in wages made in 1893.

Baltimore, Aug. 16.—In its weekly review of Southern business interests, the Manufacturers' Record reports continued activity in railroad and industrial affairs. Notwithstanding the fact that there are over 100 cotton mills under construction, or companies organized to build in the South, new companies are constantly being formed.

There will be features of special interest to you in next Sunday's Times.